

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 01/29/2002

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/780,603	02/12/2001	Kirt E. Whiteside	WHS.P0018A	8458
. 7.	590 01/29/2002			
Edward G. Greive Renner, Kenner, Greive, Bobak, Taylor & Weber Fourth Floor			EXAMINER	
			RESTIFO, JEFFREY J	
First National Tower Akron, OH 44308-1456		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3619	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·	-						
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
office Action Summary		09/780,603	WHITESIDE, KIRT E.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Jeffrey J. Restifo	3619				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHO THE N - Exten after 9 - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, steply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONS	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 /	May 2001 .					
2a)□	· ·	is action is non-final.					
3)							
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4) 🖾	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are rejected.							
7) 🗌	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
. 8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
,	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 February 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
-	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		(A (A) = 1 (B				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bu See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ıreau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a 15)⊠ /) The translation of the foreign language pro Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ovisional application has been re tic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 12	eceived. 20 and/or 121.				
Attachmen							
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>2</u>	5) Notice of Informa	rry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 3619

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 2 recites the phrase "having including" which is redundant and should be corrected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-3, 7-9, 13, 14, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Happ(2,487,706) and in further view of Hook(5,692,809).

Happ discloses a creeper comprising opposed side rails 24, a pad 32, a plurality of caster assemblies 14 with wheels 12 having a radial surface, as shown in figures 1 and 2. Happ does not disclose the caster wheel as having a contact surface that is 50-70 percent of the wheel width. Hook discloses a wheel comprising a contact surface that is 50-70 percent of the wheel width, and further having a hub "H" comprising an

Art Unit: 3619

inner rim 1, an outer rim 7, hemispherical radial supports 3, and an axial bore 5 with bearing 4, as shown in figure 2A. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the same time the invention was made to have given the creeper casters, as taught by Happ, the wheel, as taught by Hook, in order to allow the caster wheels to turn with less force exerted by a user.

With respect to claim 14, the shape of the cross section of the side rails does not produce an unexpected result and is therefore unpatentable, see In re Dailey, 149 USPQ 402 (CCPA 1976).

5. Claims 4, 5, 10, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Happ and Hook, as applied to claims 1-3 above, and further in view of Doyle et al.(4,707,880).

Neither Happ nor Hook disclose the wheel assembly as being selected from the recited materials. Doyle et al. does disclose a caster wheel 28 composed of polyurethane, as recited in column 3, lines 28-29. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the same time the invention was made to have composed the caster wheel, as taught by Happ and hook, out of polyurethane, as taught by Doyle et al., in order to give the wheel increased durability and decrease the weight.

6. Claims 6 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Happ, Hook, and Doyle et al., as applied to claims 1-5 above, and further in view of Block(4,034,434).

Art Unit: 3619

None of Happ, Hook, or Doyle et al. disclose the wheel as having a hardness of 65-85 Shore durometer type D. Block does disclose a wheel 66 having a hardness of 65/75 Shore D Durometer, as recited in column 3, line 65. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the same time the invention was made to have given the wheel, as taught by Happ, Hook, and Doyle et al., a hardness of 65/75 Shore D Durometer in order to prevent wear on the wheel.

7. Claims 15 and 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Happ and Hook, as applied to claim 7 above, and further in view of Jarvis(1,882,497).

Neither Happ nor Hook disclose the caster bearing structure. Jarvis does disclose a caster comprising a top bearing bracket 1 with top race 4 for top rolling element 21, a bottom bearing bracket 14 with bottom race 15 for bottom rolling element 22, a wheel assembly 18 between said top and bottom bearing brackets, a king pin 7, and rivet nuts 6, as shown in figure 1. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the same time the invention was made to have given the creeper wheel, as taught by Happ and Hook, the caster bearing assembly, as taught by Jarvis, in order to allow the caster wheel to rotate freely without friction.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Gruber, Timmer, Honsa, Raza et al., and Pozzobon all disc lose wheels of interest.

Art Unit: 3619

Page 5

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey J. Restifo whose telephone number is (703) 305-0579. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:00-5:00), alternate Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on (703) 308-2486. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-2571 for regular communications and (703) 308-2571 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Jeffrey J. Restifo Examiner Art Unit 3619

January 17, 2002

LANNA MAI SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMI TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600